



Dr. Nora Abesamis Redulla

Moderator

- Graduated from Cebu Institute of Medicine
- Pediatric residency at Cebu Doctors' Hospital (now Cebu Doctors' University Hospital)
- Fellow, Philippine Pediatric Society
- Consultant, Department of Pediatrics, Cebu Doctors' University Hospital
- Associate Professor, Cebu Doctors' University College of Medicine
- Assistant to the Dean for Senior Clerkship Program, Cebu Doctors' University College of Medicine
- School physician, St. Benedict Childhood Education Centre



OBJECTIVES:

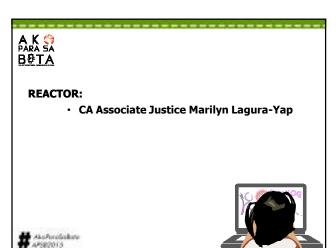
At the end of the symposium, the participants will be able to:

- 1) Define cyberbullying, and differentiate cyberbullying from other types of bullying
- 2) Discuss ways of bullying on line and the epidemiology of cyberbullying
- 3) Discuss the effects of cyberbullying and the common signs and symptoms
- 4) Enumerate steps in the management of victims of cyberbullying and the cyberbullies
- 5) Enumerate ways to stay safe online
- 6) Describe a preventive measures on the school level





TIME	TOPIC	SPEAKER
1:30 - 1:40 PM (10 mins)	Overview of symposium, objectives, introduction of speakers and reactor. Presentation of case scenarios	Moderator
1:40 - 2:20 PM (40 mins)	Definition, Incidence, People-at-risk	Dr. Emmanuel Hernani
2:20 - 3:00 PM (40 mins)	Impact of Cyber-bullying; Management of victims and bullies	Priscilla Gonzalez Fernando
3:00 – 3:30 PM (30 mins)	Responding to Cyberbullying A. Cyberwellness as general framework to bullying prevention	Sonnie Santos
3:30 - 4:00 PM (30 mins)		Ysrael Diloy
4:00 – 4:30 PM (30 mins)	C. Prevention (Framework for Schools) and example of schools adapting this framework	Leah Patricia Galgo
4:30 – 4:40 PM (10 mins)	Brief Reaction	CA Associate Justice Marilyn Lagura-Yap
4:40 - 5:00 PM (20 mins)	Open Forum and Summary	Moderator





Dr. Emmanuel Hernani

Definition, Incidence, People-at-risk

- Psychologist- PRC license no. 000435
- Professor, Cebu Normal University and University of San
- Former University Counselor and Dean of Student Affairs, Cebu Normal University
- Consultant to different NGOs (180 Degrees Rehabilitation Center, Mother Mary Children's School, Kapwa Ko Mahal Ko, Legal Alternative for Women Center Inc.) and Government Organizations (LGUs in Cebu) on matters that involved drug addiction, domestic violence, family crisis and individual psychosocial problems since 2001
- Member, Association for the Advancement of Gestalt Therapy-An International Community (AAGT-AIC)
- President, Facilitators Circle Incorporated
- Founding member, Association for the Advancement of Humanistic Psychology (AAHP), Gestalt Therapy Association of Southeast Asia (GTASA), Kapisanan ng mga Broadcaster ng Pilipinas (KBP), Adventure Therapy International Committee (ATIC), Psychological Association of the Philippines (PAP) and Philippine Mental Health Association (PMHA)



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Priscilla Gonzalez-Fernando

Impact of Cyber-bullying; Management of victims and bullies

- AB major in Psychology, minor in Family Life and Child Development, from U.P Diliman
- M.A. in Counseling Psychology from the Ateneo de Manila
- Preschool teacher; university teacher of Psychology; and research and curriculum consultant for children's television shows, such as Kalye Sesame, Batibot, Sineskwela, Bayani, Hirayamanawari, MathTinik, Epol-Apple, Pahina and Art Jam
- has had more than 15 years of training and experience in play therapy, emotional and behavioral issues of children, and the use of creative expression for healing In private practice since 2007 in Manila at In Touch
- Community Services in Makati, and since 2012 in Cebu, this year at her play and counseling room on Gorordo Avenue
- Her specialty is children, adolescents, and adults who are rer specialty is children, adolescents, and adulis who are going through life changes or transitions and who have emotional or behavioral problems such as sadness, grief, depression, anger, anxiety or confusion
- Registered Psychologist, Psychological Association of the Philippines (PAP) Certified Specialist in Clinical Psychology
- Founding board member, Philippine Association for Child and Play Therapy (PhilPlay)





Sonnie Santos

Cyberwellness as general framework to bullying prevention

- Multi-Award Recipient for his Digital Initiatives: Recipient of Best in Corporate and Brand Blogging in PH (2015); Finalist, Globe T@tt Awards (2011); Recipient of Best in Advocacy Blogging in PH for his Cyberwellness initiative (2010) Seasoned People Management Executive, held the position of
- Asst. Vice President prior to his consulting venture
- Digital, People/Organisation Development Strategist
- Pioneer Advocate of Online Safety and Proactive Use of Social Web in the Philippines
- Appeared to various public service programs like Real Talk by CNN, Failon Ngayon, Magpakailanman, Unang Hirit and ANC Alerts for his advocacy, among many others
- Actively involved in bridging the digital divide by training educators, social workers and parents of (1) the value adding benefits of going digital, social and mobile, and (2) prevention and proactive response to cyberbullying and other forms of
- Actively engaging the youth to use social web proactively and safely, and teaching them how to respond to a negative online





Ysrael Diloy

Responding to and Reporting cases of cyberbullying

- Senior Advocacy Officer, Stairway Foundation, Inc. (2005-present)
- Regional Child Protection Trainer for Asia, Kindernothilfe (KNH) Germany through Stairway Foundation (2012-present)
- NGO representative for Stairway Foundation, National Inter-Agency Council Against Child Pornography (IACACP) (2011-present)
- Technical Working Group Member, DOJ convergence group on Online Sexual Abuse of Children (2013-present)
- Member of the Advisory Panel, International Child Protection Network (ICPN); and National Crime Agency, Center for Exploitation and Online Protection, (NCA-CEOP) UK (2013-
- National Convener, Safe Internet Day Philippines via the Global Safer Internet Day network (2013-present)
- National Trainer on Child Protection, DepEd Child Protection Technical Working Group (2012-present)
- Project Coordinator, CyberSafe, an online safety partnership between Stairway and the Department of Education (DepEd) on integrating online safety education in the classrooms (2015)





Leah Patricia Magdaleno-Galgo

Prevention (Framework for Schools) and example of schools adapting this framework

- Child Protection Officer of the Department of Education where she provides technical assistance to the Office of the Undersecretary for Legal and Legislative Affairs on issues related to child protection, anti-bullying, and juvenile justice and welfare implementation and monitoring
- Conducts and facilitates trainings on DepEd Child Protection and Anti-Bullying Policies, Juvenile Justice and Welfare, Positive Discipline, Values Education, and related topics
- Member, Technical Working Group on National Consultation of School Bullying on the Basis of SOGIE; on Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Anti-Bullying Act of 2013; on Group on the Guidelines and Procedures on the Management of Children-at-Risk and Children in Conflict with the Law
- Co-editor of Positive Discipline for Everyday Teaching Primer for public school teachers
- Contributor, Enhanced School Improvement Planning Guide
- Developed a school-wide behavior management program of intervention entitled "Positive Approach to Student Discipline







Simultaneous Symposium 2: Cyberbullying

Grand ballroom, 2nd level Marco Polo Plaza 1:30 – 5:00 PM



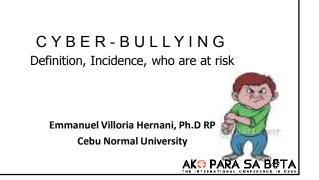






Emmanuel Hernani, PhD

Definition, Incidence, People-at-risk



Physical Bullying -hitting

- -kicking -pinching
 - scratchingSlapping
 - -Pushing
 - -Pulling
 - -Bumping
 - -Spitting
 - -any other kind of physical attack

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Verbal Bullying



- -name calling
- -insulting someone with words
- making racist, sexist, or homophobic jokes or remarks
- -Spreading rumors
- -Demeaning jokes

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Indirect Bullying



- spreading rumors through the internet,
- being made the subject of nasty rumors,
- exclusion from social groups,
- sending abusive mail
- sending threatening email and text messages

Picture retrieved from the http://thewillowwitch.deviantart.com/art/Anti-Bullying-poster-14961467



Definition

Willard (2006) provided the following formal definition for each form of cyberbullying:

Flaming—sending angry, rude, vulgar messages directed at a person or persons privately or to an online group;

Harassment—repeatedly sending a person offensive messages;

Cyberstalking—harassment that include threats of harm or is highly intimidating;

Denigration (put-downs)—sending or posting harmful, untrue, or cruel statements about a person to other people:

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Cyberbullying

"an aggressive, intentional act carried out by a group or individual, using electronic forms of contact, repeatedly and over time against a victim who cannot easily defend him or herself" (Smith et al., 2008, p. 376).



Definition

Masquerade—pretending to be someone else and sending or posting material that makes that person look bad or places that person in potential danger;

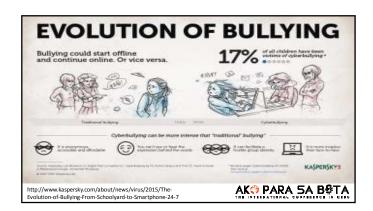
Outing and trickery—sending or posting material about a person that contains sensitive, private, or embarrassing information, including forwarding private messages or images. Engaging in tricks to solicit embarrassing information that is then made public;

Exclusion—actions that specifically and intentionally exclude a person from an online group. (Willard, 2006)

"Anti-Bullying Act of 2012"

AN ACT REQUIRING ALL ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS
TO ADOPT POLICIES TO PREVENT AND ADDRESS THE ACTS OF
BULLYING IN THEIR INSTITUTIONS

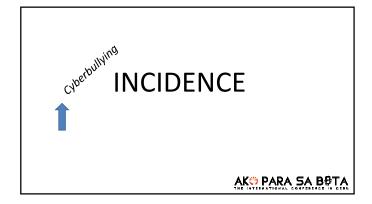
Shall refer to any severe or repeated use by one or more students of a WRITTEN, VERBAL OR ELECTRONIC EXPRESSION, or a physical act or gesture, or any combination thereof, directed at another student that has the effect of actually causing or placing the latter in reasonable fear of physical or emotional harm or damage to his property; creating a hostile environment at school for the other student; infringing on the rights of the other student at school; or materially and substantially disrupting the education process or the orderly operation of a school.

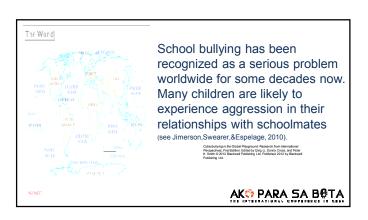


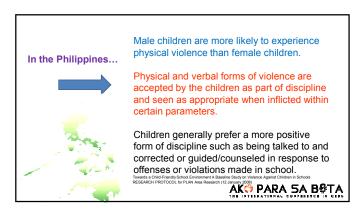
"Anti-Bullying Act of 2012"

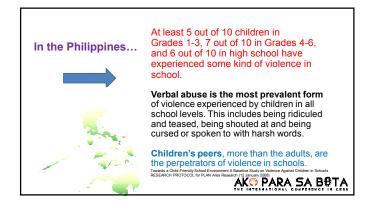
expounds bullying (but not limited) to the following

- (a)Any unwanted physical contact between the bully and the victim like punching, pushing, shoving, kicking, slapping, tickling, headlocks, inflicting school pranks, teasing, fighting and the use of available objects as weapons;
- (b) Any act that causes damage to a victim's psyche and/or emotional well-being;
- (c) Any slanderous statement or accusation that causes the victim undue emotional distress like directing foul language or profanity at the target, name-calling, tormenting and commenting negatively on victim's looks, clothes and body; and
- (d) Cyber-bullying or any bullying done through the use of technology or any electronic means.



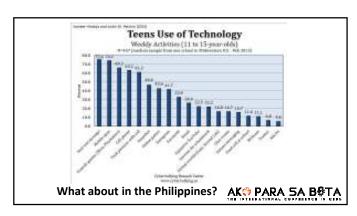






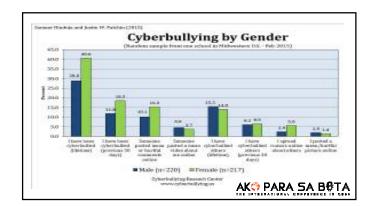


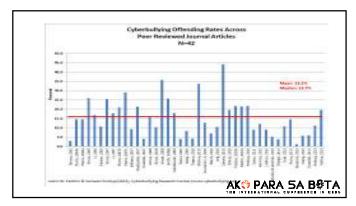


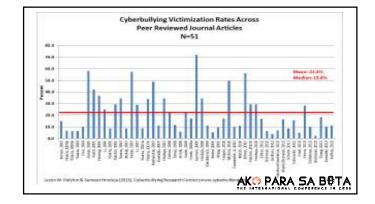












AGE GROUP OF THOSE WHO SAID THEY ARE BULLIED: 53% Adult (18+) 47% Minor (17 and below)	OBJECT OF ATTACK (Top 3) Attack on reputation Attack on appearance Attack against the victims opinion	PLATFORM USED (Top 3) Facebook Cellphone (distant second) Blogs
SEX: 57% Female 43% Male	NATURE OF ATTACK (Top 3) Spreading photoshopped image Spreading videos that are supposedly private Poser/ Spreading lies	SHARED THE INCIDENT WITH Friend Parents (distant second) Sibling
	OTHERS 79% were bullied by one person 21% were bullied by a group	Retrieved from: Cyberbullying Statistics. bullyinng/Cyberbullying Statistics in The Phillippines. Ask Sonnie. August 2015 http://asksonnie.info/cyberbullying-statistics AKO PARA SA BETT

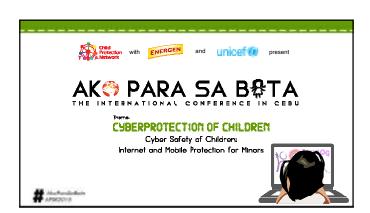




Common Profile of Victims

- Appears weak and vulnerable
- Does not have friends in school
- Stranger and new in the area
- Different from the norms because of ability and capability
- Different in economic status, gender identity and orientation

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Simultaneous Symposium 2: CyberbullyingGrand ballroom, 2nd level Marco Polo Plaza

1:30 - 5:00 PM



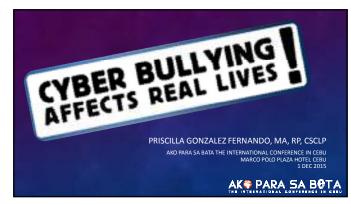




Priscilla Gonzalez Fernando, ma, rp, csclp Ako para sa bata the international conference in cebu Marco polo plaza hotel cebu 1 dec 2015



















A lot of cyberbullying can be done anonymously, so you may not be sure who is targeting you. This can make you feel even more threatened and can embolden bullies, as they believe online anonymity means they're less likely to get caught. Since cyberbullies can't see your reaction, they will often go much further in their harassment or ridicule than they would do face-to-face with you.

ww.helpguide.org/articles

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Cyberbullying can be witnessed by potentially thousands of people. Emails can be forwarded to hundreds of people while social media posts or website comments can often be seen by anyone. The more far-reaching the bullying, the more humiliating it can become.

www.helpguide.org/articles

The cyberworld has become a very important part of many children's & teen's lives.

It's become their community, their schoolyard, their neighborhood.

Self-esteem is counted in "likes" and "followers". Comments, likes, views, etc. are taken VERY seriously by modern teens/preteens.

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Moreover...



CONSEQUENCES OF CYBER BULLYING • Anxiety

- Depression
- Suicide
- Stress-Related Disorders
- Withdrawal from Friends and Activities
- · Changes in mood, behavior and appetite
- Emotional Distress during and after using technology

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Kids who are cyberbullied feel an intense sense of isolation, fear, *loneliness* and *despair*. Their desperation can sometimes lead to acts of self-harm or tragically, even suicide.

http://www.prevnet.ca/bullying/cyber-bullying

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ANXIETY & DEPRESSION

- increased feelings of sadness and lonelinessfeel very isolated and ALONE
- feel very EMBARRASSED
- changes in sleep and eating patterns
- loss of interest in activities
- Higher risk of SUICIDE
- Possible retaliation through violence

http://fundforcivility.org/cyberbullying-effects/

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WITHDRAWAL FROM FRIENDS AND ACTIVITIES

- miss, skip or drop out of school
- receive poor grades
- have lower self-esteem
- use alcohol and drugs

http://fundforcivility.org/cyberbullying-effects/

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Kids who bully others through electronic means are able to hide behind the technology, remaining anonymous if they choose. Kids who cyberbully don't immediately see the reaction of their words or taunts, which might otherwise spark some empathy for the pain they have caused. Not witnessing the reaction of others makes it easier to become more aggressive and vicious.

http://www.prevnet.ca/bullying/cyber-bullying

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"Kasi, Ate, alam mo yung Gossip Girl? Parang ganun yun feeling," (Ate, do you know Gossip Girl? That's what it feels like,) Apple, a 15-year-old high school student, replied when asked why she was posting rumours about her on classmates on Facebook.

She said that her classmates go to her 'Gosssip Girl' page to know what other people's dirty laundry are. She said that she doesn't think she's doing anything wrong because she's just simply posting the things that everyone's saying. "Pinaguusapan naman ng lahat sa school, nilalagay ko lang naman sa FB." (Everyone's talking about it at school anyway. I'm merely posting the stuff on FB.)

https://journalism106.wordpress.com/2012/03/13/modern-abusecyberbullving-in-the-philippines/

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5 TYPES OF CYBERBULLIES

- The Vengeful Angels
- The Power-Hungry Cyberbullies
- The Revenge of the Nerds Cyberbullies
- The Mean Girls
- The Inadvertent Cyberbullies

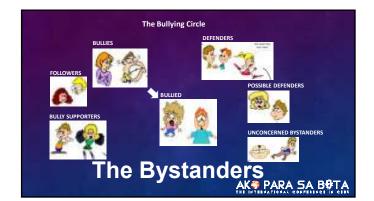
http://www.medscape.com/viewarticle/579988_2



Kids who witness cyberbullying by *receiving messages* or *forwarding them to others* don't consider themselves as being part of the problem. Forwarding hurtful messages or content can increase the number of people who witness the bullying of another by thousands, *instantly.* "Liking" a message or passing it on tells the person who is cyberbullying that his or her behaviour is okay, and makes it easier for that person to become more aggressive and vicious.

http://www.prevnet.ca/bullying/cyber-bullying

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THINGS A BYSTANDER CAN DO:

- Take action by posting words of support for the victim. "I disagree with what's been said."
- Encourage the victim to seek help. "You are being bullied. Don't keep what's happening bottled up inside. Seek help from someone you trust."
- Rally your friends to post comments that show support for the victim.
- Alert someone in authority (your teacher, parent, other adult) about what you are observing online or what is being transmitted through cell phones.
- Report what you are observing to the security team for the site you are visiting. Facebook provides a number of suggestions depending upon where on the site the abusive content is located.

http://us.reachout.com/facts/factsheet/bystanders-role-in-cyberbullying



WHEN WITNESSING INCIDENTS OF CYBERBULLYING:

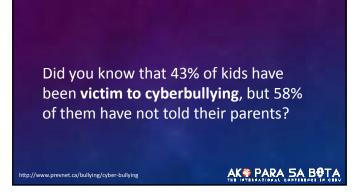
- Do not assume that this is a private matter between the bully and the victim.
- Do not combat violence with violence.
- Do not get discouraged if you have already talked to teachers or other persons in authority and nothing happened.
- If you feel that this is none of your business, put yourself in the victim's shoes.

http://us.reachout.com/facts/factsheet/bystanders-role-in-cyberbullying











Appears nervous when receiving a text, instant message, or email
 Seems uneasy about going to school or pretends to be ill
 Unwillingness to share information about online activity
 Unexplained anger or depression, especially after going online

http://resources.uknowkids.com/blog/bid/173713/10-Signs-Your-Child-is-a-Cyberbullying-Victim



Abruptly shutting off or walking away from the computer mid-use
 Withdrawing from friends and family in real life
 Unexplained stomachaches or headaches
 Trouble sleeping at night
 Unexplained weight loss or gain
 Suicidal thoughts or suicide attempts

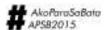
http://resources.uknowkids.com/blog/bid/173713/10-Signs-Your-Child-its-a-cyberbullying-Victim
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1:30 - 5:00 PM

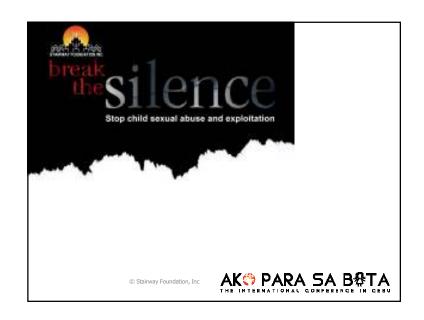






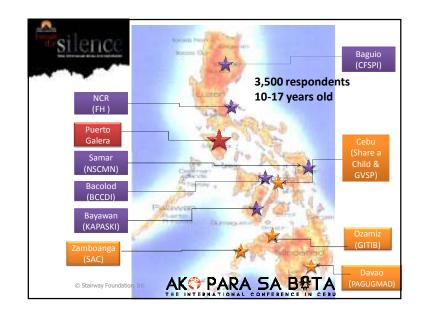


Ysrael Diloy Responding to and Reporting Cases of Cyberbullying















Facebook and the Internet is like any other space for children (but not quite exactly)

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Cyberbullying





Is the use of the internet and new communication technologies to harm or ridicule in a deliberate and hostile manner

Cyberbullying

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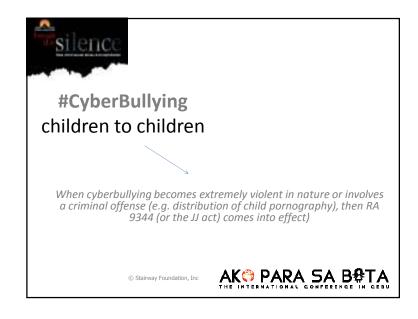




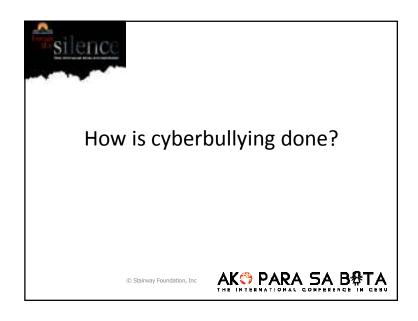
#CyberBullying children to children (students to students)

#CyberHarassment/abuse or CyberLynching when adults get involved

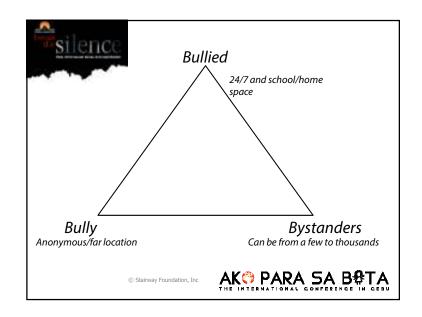




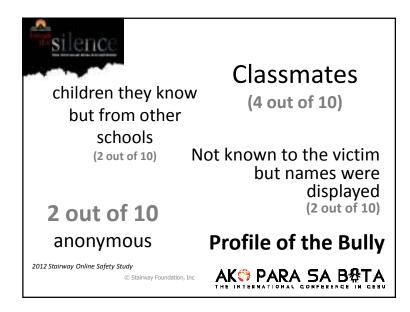




















Be selective on WHAT you share online, HOW you share it and WHOM you share it with











Limit friending online strangers

© Stairway Foundation, Inc





Be careful when participating in social media groups

© Stairway Foundation, In





Ignore

Replying to the online bully worsens the situation

© Stairway Foundation, Inc





Block

Learn how to **block** in Social Media and in other platforms (after you have screenshot offending posts)



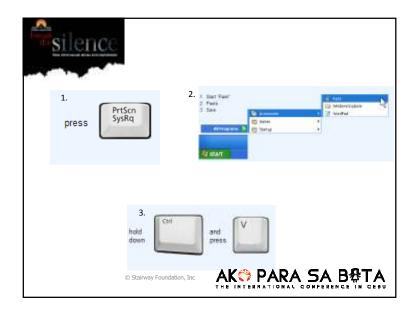


























School based reporting

As per RA 10627 and DepEd order no. 40 Series of 2012

© Stairway Foundation, Inc





School Child Protection Committee

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Law Enforcement

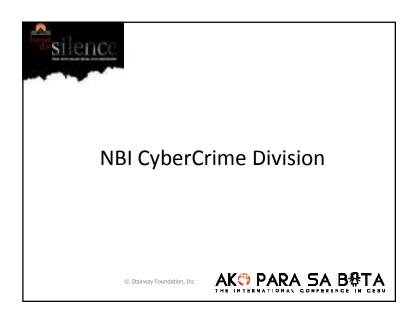
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PNP anti-cybercrime group www.acg.pnp.gov.ph







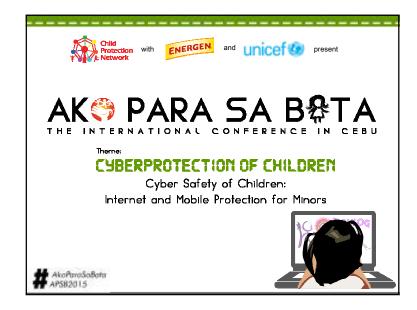






Kung may katanungan po kayo: ace@stairwayfoundation.org



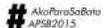




Simultaneous Symposium 2: Cyberbullying

Grand ballroom, 2nd level Marco Polo Plaza 1:30 – 5:00 PM









Leah Patricia Magdaleno-Galgo

Cyber Bullying Prevention Framework for Schools

